Assessment of the knowledge, attitude, practice, and concern of middle and south Iraqi population toward different types of COVID-19 vaccines

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Abstract

Background:

The COVID-19 vaccines represented one of the ways to protect human life. The study aimed to evaluate the Knowledge, attitude, practice and concern toward different types of COVID-19 vaccines.

Methods: The Cross-Section Study was conducted between January to July 2022 in the middle and South of Iraq. It utilized a pre-validated questionnaire conducted in two ways in the middle and South of Iraq.

Results: 1979 participants were enrolled in the study analysis. More than half of the participants (55%) were female, and (45%) were male, with (52.9%) of the participants married. Most of the participants were from Basra city (82.9%). More than two-thirds of the participants (81.8%) accepted COVID-19 vaccines. The finding was a significant relationship between acceptance of the COVID-19 vaccine and numerous characteristics of participants, including education level, members of medical staff, income level, places of living, and marital status, with a P value less than 0.05.

Most of the vaccinated participants had good Knowledge, attitude and practice than unvaccinated participants, where the value expressed as (mean + standard deviation (S.D.)) (10+4 versus7+3)(14+4 versus10+3)(37+7versus32+7) respectively for Knowledge, attitude and practice. But, the unvaccinated participants had higher concern toward different types of COVID-19 vaccines (19+5).

Conclusion: The percentage of participants who received COVID-19 vaccines was higher than those who were rejected or hesitant toward different covid19 vaccines.